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## Kabul Times (April 22, 1962, vol. 1, no. 44)

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## His Majesty Opens Marble Factory In Lashkar Gah

LASHKAR GAH, Apr. 22.—His Majesty the King left Kandahar yesterday for the provincial capital of Grishk, Lashkar Gah.

### SALAN'S TRIAL LIKELY IN MAY

PARIS, Apr. 22, (Reuter).—An examining magistrate yesterday charged ex-General Raoul Salan with "plotting against the authority of the State."

Salan, leader of the extremist Secret Army Organization (OAS) was arrested in Algiers and flown to Paris on Friday.

He is in the Sante prison where an examining magistrate charged him last night.

Salan will be tried for his part in last April, military in Algiers, as well as for his subsequent O.A.S. activities.

Salan chose four lawyers all of them considered sympathetic to a French Algeria.

They include Jean Louis Tixier-Vignancourt, a former deputy and Right-wing lawyer, and M. Jacques Harpentier, who defended ex-General Jouhaud.

Salan will appear before a High Military Tribunal, according to Justice sources, probably in the middle of May.

Salan was still wearing a moustache and his hair, normally white, had not been washed of its black dye when the examining magistrate saw him for about five minutes yesterday afternoon.

### Djamila Boupacha Released

RENNES, Brittany, Apr. 22, (Reuter).—Djamila Boupacha, the 24-year-old Algerian Moslem girl who claimed she was tortured into confessing terrorist crimes in Algeria, was released from prison yesterday under the amnesty following the Evian Cease-fire Agreements.

Djamila Boupacha's torture claims aroused widespread indignation among French intellectuals two years ago and a special committee, which included the Simone Denbeaquois, was set up to support her.

Boupacha was flown to France from Algiers in July, 1960, at the expense of the Djamila Boupacha Committee, and examined by a panel of five doctors.

Boupacha later charged M. Pierre Messmer, the Armed Forces Minister, and Gerab Charles Ailtgtn, outgoing Commander-in-Chief in Algeria with "shielding criminals" by refusing to hand over to the legal authorities documents and information she claimed were indispensable to prove her case.

### Afridi Jirga Condemns Pakistani Policy

KABUL, Apr.—A big Jirga was held recently in Kandahar in which scholars, representatives and a large number of Afridi tribesmen took part.

The participants strongly condemned the aggressive policies of Pakistan towards the Pakhtunistani nation.

Before his departure, His Majesty visited the holy shrine where Prophet Mohammed's staff and robe are kept and also the Mausoleum of His Majesty the late Ahmad Shah Baba and the Mausoleum of Meerwais Baba.

On Friday evening a large number of dignitaries of Kandahar city and vicinity, high ranking military and civil officials were received by His Majesty the King.

His Majesty arrived in Lashkar Gah at 12-15 p.m. and was given a rousing welcome by the people and a number of school children. At 3-30 in the afternoon His Majesty opened a Marble Factory in Lashkar Gah, the factory was completed recently.

Mr. Abdullah Malikyar, the Minister of Finance and the President of the Helmand Valley Authority, in a speech thanked His Majesty for his interest in the development of industry and natural resources in the country. His Majesty congratulated the workers of the factory on completion of the job.

Later His Majesty laid the foundation of a Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory. He also visited the construction work of the Lashkar Gah Congregational Mosque and the experimental farms at Bolan and Marjah near Lashkar Gah.

## RURAL DEVELOPMENT COURSE INAUGURATED

KABUL, Apr. 22.—Mr. Abdul Wahab Malikyar, the President of the Rural Development Department, yesterday inaugurated a new orientation course at the Rural Development Training Centre in Gulzar, near Kabul.

Mr. Najem, Director of the Centre, spoke about the importance of the course. Mr. Malikyar outlined the purpose of launching the course and pointed out the future responsibilities of the 14 students who had undertaken the course.

The graduates will be given responsible jobs as sub-departmental chiefs and technical officials in various rural development projects.

### BERLIN TALKS RESUMPTION

WASHINGTON, Apr. 22, (DPA).—A decision on whether the American-Soviet probings on Berlin will be continued in Washington or in Moscow will be made during the coming week.

So far the Soviet Ambassador to the USA, Mr. Anatoly Dobrynin, has not yet requested another meeting with the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Rusk.

Washington sources assume, however, that the two may meet once more before Mr. Rusk departs next week-end for his visits to London, Athens, Canberra and Wellington.

## Radio Telephone Communications Extended

KABUL, Apr. 22.—The radio telephone link between Kandahar, Mazar, Puli Khumri and Ghazni and European countries and the United States was inaugurated yesterday.

Mr. Nasratullah Malikyar, the acting Deputy Minister of Communications, said in an interview that since carrier telephone communications between the provinces of Afghanistan and Kabul had been established was possible for those areas to be connected by radio telephone with the outside world. He added that the Ministry is planning to extend the inter-provincial radio telephone communications which will make it possible for individual telephone subscribers to call from their homes any number in any province.

Mr. Zulfikari, the Iranian Ambassador in the Court of Kabul met Mr. Ghulam Haider, the Minister of Agriculture, yesterday morning.

KABUL, Apr. 22.—Dr. Mohd. Amin Azad and Dr. Abdul Azim of the Ministry of Health who had left for Delhi under World Health Organisation fellowships to study malaria and trachoma eradication, recently returned to Afghanistan.

Yesterday they submitted their reports to the Ministry of Health.

## MARKET FOR AFGHAN GOODS IN FAR EAST Trade Delegation Returns From Successful Tour

KABUL, Apr. 22.—An Afghan trade delegation which had gone to study markets in the Far East from the point of view of export trade of Afghanistan returned to Kabul yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Mohammad Akbar Omar, Director-General of Foreign Trade in the Ministry of Commerce and head of the delegation said in an interview that the delegation while studying the Far Eastern markets held useful talks with officials and trade organizations in Singapore, Thailand, Japan and Hong Kong. These contacts, he said, proved to be very useful and promises were given to harmonise the balance of trade.

Dr. Omar also said that the studies proved that there was a good demand in the Far Eastern countries for the export commodities of Afghanistan. He said that useful talks had also been conducted by the delegation with insurance companies to insure Afghan goods.

He expressed gratitude for the warm reception accorded to the delegation by the trade circles in the Far Eastern countries and said that dry fruit of Afghanistan had a special place in the Far Eastern markets.

Mr. H. McDonald, Research Adviser of the United Nations Special Fund met Mr. Adalat, acting Minister of Agriculture, yesterday. The programme envisaged by the research service for 1962 under the technical aid of the United Nations Special Fund were discussed at this meeting. Mr. McDonald is on a three-week visit to Afghanistan.

## Lenin's Birth Anniversary

KABUL, Apr. 22.—Newspapers published in the Capital today observed the birth anniversary of V. I. Lenin, the founder of the Soviet Union. After giving a brief account of his life, the papers congratulated the Soviet people on this memorable occasion. They have also mentioned that relations between Afghanistan and the Soviet Union based on friendship and mutual respect had been progressively strengthening ever since the establishment of the new regime in that country, founded by Lenin.

## PRAGUE RECEPTION TO AFGHAN ENVOY

PRAGUE, Apr. 22.—The Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, Mr. Vachov David, gave a farewell party on April 20, 1962, in honour of the outgoing Afghan Ambassador in Prague, Mr. Sayed Kasim Rishtya, who has been appointed Ambassador in Cairo. In addition to the members of Afghan Embassy, members of the Czechoslovak Ministries of Foreign Affairs, Education and Commerce were present on the occasion.

On April 21, Mr. Rishtya gave a reception which was attended by Czechoslovak officials, members of the diplomatic corps, and Afghans residing in Prague.



Students who are undergoing the orientation course in community development photographed with Mr. A. W. Malik yar, President of the Community Development, (eighth from left) at Gulzar, near Kabul yesterday.



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## CULTURAL HERITAGE OF AFGHANISTAN

(Contd. from page 2)

Russia and Turkey. Being cut off from their base, they could not cope successfully with all these sources of danger. Once more the country fell a prey to foreigners and this state of affairs lasted until the middle of the 18th century, when the Afghans, under the leadership of Ahmad Shah Durrani, were not only able to wrest their own land, but were also in a position to push their frontiers in all directions and lay the foundation of a vast and powerful empire, extending from Delhi to Meshad and from Kashmir to the Arabian Sea. But Ahmad Shah during the 26 years of his reign (1747-1773) was so busy with wars on all sides that he could hardly devote his attention to the pursuit of useful arts or education.

Unfortunately, soon after the death of this great leader, a civil war first among the numerous grandsons of Ahmad Shah and then between the two powerful tribes—the Durrani and the Barakzais—broke out in the country. As a result of this internecine war, which lasted with unabated fury for more than a quarter of a century, Afghanistan suffered heavily. She lost not only her conquered countries, but a large portion of her own land was forcibly snatched from her and incorporated into British India.

Throughout the 19th century the rising Afghanistan put up a heroic struggle against the British, who in pursuit of their aggressive designs and implementation of "forward policy" entered Afghanistan twice and were keen to hoist the Union Jack on the lofty Hindukush.

Though the British invasions of Afghanistan ended in complete disaster and each time they were forced to evacuate the country, but the devastating effect of these wars gave the rulers of Afghanistan hardly any time to devote their attention to the development of arts and culture. The best they could do was to lick the wounds and repair the losses inflicted. Moreover, British diplomacy always had the upper hand and succeeded marvellously in converting Afghanistan into a closed basin, which crippled its trade and deprived it of all the avenues of progress and enlightenment.

The beginning of the 20th century saw a glorious page in the history of Afghanistan. The heroic Afghans, under the leadership of the late King Mohammed Nadir Shah and his valiant brothers, were not only able to hold their own, but entering the British territory, won a great victory at Thal, which compelled the British to recognise the complete independence of Afghanistan.

This victory infused a new life into the country and paved the way for progress and prosperity. The Afghans once more got a chance to devote their energies to the peaceful pursuit of arts and literature and to revive their glorious past in the fields of knowledge and culture.

## ARGENTINE ARMY SPLIT

BUENOS AIRES, Apr. 22 (DPA).—A new crisis flared up in Argentina yesterday splitting the Army in two factions.

President Jose Maria Guido replaced the Commander-in-Chief of the Argentine Army, General Raul Poggi, by General Enrique Rauch—but General Poggi refused to resign from his post and found the support of the Secretary of War, General Carrera.

## Gromyko's Useful Talks Symposium on With Yugoslav Leaders In Belgrade meteorology

BELGRADE, Apr. 22, (Tass).—Mr. Andrei Gromyko, the USSR Minister of Foreign Affairs, left here yesterday for home.

Mr. Gromyko was seen off at the airport by Mr. Popovic, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia, Mr. V. Micunovic and Mr. I. Veivoda, Deputy Secretaries of State for Foreign Affairs, and Mr. C. Mijatovic, the Ambassador of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia to the USSR.

Mr. Gromyko told journalists who were present at the airport that his talks with the Yugoslav statesmen were good, useful and sincere and hoped that they would result in further development of the relations between the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. As stressed by the Belgrade Press, Mr. Gromyko's visit to Yugoslavia will further promote the relations between the two countries.

If some time ago we could say that the Yugoslav-Soviet co-operation was developing normally, now it will be correct to say that its scope has considerably broadened and that conditions exist for its further consolidation, the newspaper Politika wrote yesterday.

## Afghanistan's Foreign Postings

The following officials of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs have been appointed in foreign political agencies of Afghanistan:

Mr. Abdul Shakur Usman, member of the Economic Department has been appointed Second Secretary of the Royal Afghan Embassy in Rome; Mr. Ahmad Kayoum Hairat, member of the Department for East Asian Affairs as Second Secretary in the Royal Afghan Embassy in Peking; Mr. Nazar Mohammad member of the Code Section as the Second Secretary in the Royal Afghan Embassy in Prague. Mr. Ahmad Zia, also a member of the code Section, as Second Secretary in the Royal Afghan Embassy in Tokyo. Mr. Mohammed Hakim Ayubi, member of the Archives Department as Second Secretary at the Royal Afghan Embassy in Jakarta. Mr. Salih Mohammed, member of the Code Section as Second Secretary of the Royal Afghan Embassy in Teheran. Mr. Mohammed Rahim Sherzoi, member of the Protocol Department as Second Secretary at the Royal Afghan Embassy in Warsaw. Mr. Abdul Latif member of the Archives Department as Second Secretary at the Royal Afghan Embassy in Belgrade. Mr. Abdul Kayum Abdali, member of the Department for United Nations Affairs as Second Secretary at the Royal Afghan Embassy in Cairo and Mr. Mir Mohammed Farouq Farhang and Mr. Rahmattullah Meher, members of the Department of United Nations affairs as attaches to the Afghan permanent delegation to the United Nations.

Mr. Abdul Samad, former attache to Afghanistan's permanent delegation to the United Nations has been appointed as Second Secretary to that mission.

Corrigendum: On page 4 col. 5 of yesterday's Kabul Times, Kabul in the last line should be corrected to read as Kandahar.

## U.A.R. Minister's Talks In U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 21 (Reuters).—Dr. A. el-Kaissouni, the United Arab Republic's Minister of Economy, conferred with White House and International Monetary Fund officials yesterday as he continued his mission of seeking assistance to stabilize his country's economy and monetary system.

The White House officials included Mr. Chester Bowles, President Kennedy's Adviser on Asian, African and Latin American affairs, and Mr. George McGovern, the Food for Peace Director.

Informed source said the Minister was talking to United States officials about the possibility of raising about \$500 million to bridge the gap between the U.A.R.'s foreign exchange resources and the total funds required for its plan to double the per capita income in 10 years' time. The first five years of the Plan require 1,600 million Egyptian pounds.

## U.N. Adviser's Report On Rural Development Progress In Afghanistan

NEW YORK, Apr. 22.—The United Nations Community Development Adviser to Afghanistan report to the U.N. this week on the work done during Afghanistan's first five-year community development programme.

According to the report, eight comprehensive community development projects, covering almost all facets of rural life were in operation by March this year with the help of United Nations technical assistance advisers.

Working co-operatively with the Government's Rural Development Department, specialists from the United Nations and its specialized agencies are assisting in some 900 villages in fields such as rural housing, agriculture, industrial co-operatives, training, leather tanning and cottage industries, women's welfare, health and planning and administration. The report says the second Five-Year Plan is under way and will be responsible for setting up 17 additional community development projects, each of which will affect some 50,000 rural inhabitants.

The report describes the programme as "highly successful" and one in which the top Government officials are keenly interested.

By 1967 the rural development programme is likely to reach approximately one and a quarter million people, or one out of every ten persons in the country. Within the next 15-20 years, if present plans materialize, the entire nation would be covered by about 250 projects.

The programme is financed under the national budget, assisted by external aid and the contributions of the people themselves. Among the factors contributing to the rapid enlargement of the programme is the administrative organization set up by the Government under the Rural Development Department, which acts as the central executing agency. This department functions under the direction and supervision of the office of the Prime Minister.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 22 (DPA).—Weather-forecasting aid by satellites and upper atmosphere research with small sounding rockets will be among the topics to be discussed at the first international symposium on rocket and satellite meteorology opening here on April 23.

More than 500 scientists from 20 nations are expected to take part in the three-day symposium.

Speakers from Australia, France, Italy, Western Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, the Soviet Union and the United States will hear lectures on the possibility of using weather satellites to predict the break-up of ice in northern waters.

The meeting to last three days will provide the first forum for space scientists to report on weather research in the upper atmosphere with the aid of meteorological rockets fired to heights of 50 miles or more.

These rockets sample the atmosphere and radio the information to earth during their brief flights into space and back.

A special session of some scientists will study the development of satellite ice surveillance techniques, snow surveys by satellites and atmospheric density with balloon satellites.

## PARK CINEMA:

At 5-30 8, and 10 p.m. American film: **COUNT THREE AND PRAY**: Starring, Van Heflin, Joanne Woodward, and Phil Carey.

## KABUL CINEMA:

At 5-00 p.m. Indian film: **BOY FRIEND** Starring, Madhu Bala, Shammi Kapoor; and Menakshi. At 7-30 p.m. Russian film: **THE PIGEONS OF PEDRODS**.

## ZAINAB THEATRE:

At 5-00 and 7-30 p.m. American film: **LOVE ME TENDER**, Starring, Elvis Presley and Richard Egan.

## BEHAZAD CINEMA:

At 5-00 p.m. Indian film: **LOVE IN SIMLA** Starring, Jewo Mukar Je and Sadhna; At 7-30 p.m. Russian film: **TUNDER IN SUMMER**.

## THE DRAMATIC CAPTURE OF EX-GEN. SALAN

ALGIERS, Apr. 21, (UPI).—Ex-Gen. Raoul Salan was captured in a two-room apartment on the top floor of a five-story building at No. 23, Rue des Fontaines, near the University of Algiers.

It was raining when an unmarked sedan pulled up at the curb in front of No. 23 a few minutes before noon. All four doors opened at once and several men in civilian clothes poured out.

She said she saw the men enter the building, and thought to herself: "Now, who do those men think they are, coming in here without even stopping?"

She got up to storm out and demand to know just who and then she stopped.

The concierge said she decided to mind her own business. She watched as the men went up the stairs several steps at a time.

At the top, they stopped in front of the two doors to the apartment on the fifth floor. One has a spy-hole through which someone inside can peep to see who's outside. The door is unmarked.

## JAPAN TO RECEIVE 985 TRAINEES

TOKYO, Apr. 22, (DPA).—Japan this year will receive a total of 985 trainees under its overseas technical co-operation project.

Kyodo, the Japanese News Agency, said yesterday that the number of foreign students to train in Japan during the fiscal year 1962/63 was made public by the Japanese Foreign Office.

Kyodo says the number of overseas students this year will represent an increase of 90 per cent over last year's figure.

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